

Mount Angel Seminary Supplemental Application For Nonimmigrant Alien Students

Mount Angel Seminary is authorized under Federal law to enroll nonimmigrant alien students. As such, we must be in compliance with the government regulations. The Admissions Board is required to obtain sufficient information to determine whether the prospective student meets our standards for admission. Additionally, the Seminary must have proof of financial responsibility from the sponsor.

TO BE COMPLETED BY THE STUDENT	
Family Name: _____	Country of Birth: _____
First Name: _____	Country of Citizenship: _____
Middle Name: _____	Birth Date: /month /day /year
Name of Diocese/Religious Order (sponsor): _____	Signature of Student: _____
	Date of Application: _____
Address in Country of Citizenship	Current Mailing Address for I-20
Address 1: _____	Address 1: _____
Address 2: _____	Address 2: _____
City: _____	City: _____
Province/Territory: _____	Province/Territory: _____
Postal Code: _____	Postal Code: _____
Country: _____	Country: _____

Please note: international students who obtain an F-1 visa are authorized to enter the United States not more than thirty days before the beginning of the program start date on the I-20. These students are monitored using data recorded in the government's Student and Exchange Visa Information System (SEVIS).

- International students must schedule an interview with a United States Embassy or Consulate and will need supporting documentation from the sponsor (diocese or religious order) prior to this appointment.
- An individual who applies for a student visa must obtain a Form I-20 and Acceptance Letter from the seminary to support the application to the United States Embassy.
- The seminary's Designated School Official is authorized to issue the Form I-20.
- After the materials are received the Admissions Board can make a decision regarding acceptance.
- Once accepted, the seminary will issue an Acceptance Letter along with the I-20.

Please fax or email this page along with a photocopy of the passport (page with photo and name). Then mail it with your signature to the address below:

International Student Services
Mount Angel Seminary
Saint Benedict, Oregon USA 97373
Fax 503.845.3128
Tamara.Swanson@mtangel.edu

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Listed below are the minimum documents required for issuance of an acceptance letter and the Form I-20.

- **MOUNT ANGEL SEMINARY APPLICATION**
- **TRANSCRIPTS** (faxed or mailed copies of official transcripts are acceptable, official sealed transcripts must be sent later as detailed in the application book)
- **LETTER OF ENDORSEMENT** from the Diocese or Religious Order
- **English Language Test Scores**

TO BE COMPLETED BY THE ACADEMIC DEAN

APPLICANTS NAME _____ DIOCESE/RELIGIOUS ORDER _____

_____ Spring _____ Fall _____ Year Academic Level _____

_____ TOEFL iBT

_____ OPI

_____ Transcripts

This is to certify that the above mentioned student has submitted the necessary documentation for it to be determined that he meets Mount Angel Seminary's minimum academic requirements:

_____ Anticipated program start date ___/___/___

_____ Anticipated completion date ___/___/___

Signature of Academic Dean:

Date:

TO BE COMPLETED BY THE PRESIDENT-RECTOR

_____ Seminary Application Received

_____ Financial Responsibility / Letter of Endorsement received

The above candidate has been:

Approved for Admission

Denied, reason for denial:

Signature of President-Rector or Vice-Rector:

Date:

Para informacion en espanol, visite www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore o escribe a la Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, 1700 G Street N.W., Washington, DC 20552.

A Summary of Your Rights Under the Fair Credit Reporting Act

The federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA) promotes the accuracy, fairness, and privacy of information in the files of consumer reporting agencies. There are many types of consumer reporting agencies, including credit bureaus and specialty agencies (such as agencies that sell information about check writing histories, medical records, and rental history records). Here is a summary of your major rights under the FCRA. For more information, including information about additional rights, go to www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore or write to: Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, 1700 G Street N.W., Washington, DC 20552.

- You must be told if information in your file has been used against you. Anyone who uses a credit report or another type of consumer report to deny your application for credit, insurance, or employment - or to take another adverse action against you - must tell you, and must give you the name, address, and phone number of the agency that provided the information.
- You have the right to know what is in your file. You may request and obtain all the information about you in the files of a consumer reporting agency (your "file disclosure"). You will be required to provide proper identification, which may include your Social Security number. In many cases, the disclosure will be free. You are entitled to a free file disclosure if:
 - a person has taken adverse action against you because of information in your credit report;
 - you are the victim of identity theft and place a fraud alert in your file;
 - your file contains inaccurate information as a result of fraud;
 - you are on public assistance;
 - you are unemployed but expect to apply for employment within 60 days.

In addition, all consumers are entitled to one free disclosure every 12 months upon request from each nationwide credit bureau and from nationwide specialty consumer reporting agencies. See www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore for additional information.

- You have the right to ask for a credit score. Credit scores are numerical summaries of your credit-worthiness based on information from credit bureaus. You may request a credit score from consumer reporting agencies that create scores or distribute scores used in residential real property loans, but you will have to pay for it. In some mortgage transactions, you will receive credit score information for free from the mortgage lender.
- You have the right to dispute incomplete or inaccurate information. If you identify information in your file that is incomplete or inaccurate, and report it to the consumer reporting agency, the agency must investigate unless your dispute is frivolous. See www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore for an explanation of dispute procedures.
- Consumer reporting agencies must correct or delete inaccurate, incomplete, or unverifiable information. Inaccurate, incomplete or unverifiable information must be removed or corrected, usually within 30 days. However, a consumer reporting agency may continue to report information it has verified as accurate.

- Consumer reporting agencies may not report outdated negative information. In most cases, a consumer reporting agency may not report negative information that is more than seven years old, or bankruptcies that are more than 10 years old.
- Access to your file is limited. A consumer reporting agency may provide information about you only to people with a valid need - usually to consider an application with a creditor, insurer, employer, landlord, or other business. The FCRA specifies those with a valid need for access.
- You must give your consent for reports to be provided to employers. A consumer reporting agency may not give out information about you to your employer, or a potential employer, without your written consent given to the employer. Written consent generally is not required in the trucking industry. For more information, go to www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore.
- You may limit "pre-screened" offers of credit and insurance you get based on information in your credit report. Unsolicited "pre-screened" offers for credit and insurance must include a toll-free phone number you can call if you choose to remove your name and address from the lists these offers are based on. You may opt-out with the nationwide credit bureaus at 1-888-567-8688.
- You may seek damages from violators. If a consumer reporting agency, or, in some cases, a user of consumer reports or a furnisher of information to a consumer reporting agency violates the FCRA, you may be able to sue in state or federal court.
- Identity theft victims and active duty military personnel have additional rights. For more information, visit www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore.